

SERIES RR11 HIGH TORQUE REVERSIBLE ANGLE SCREWDRIVERS AND ANGLE WRENCHES

NOTICE

Series RR11 Angle Screwdrivers and Angle Wrenches are designed for running small threaded fasteners in close-quarter applications.

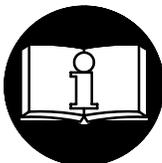
ARO is not responsible for customer modification of tools for applications on which ARO was not consulted.

⚠ WARNING

**IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION ENCLOSED.
READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING TOOL.**

**IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE EMPLOYER TO PLACE THE INFORMATION
IN THIS MANUAL INTO THE HANDS OF THE OPERATOR.**

FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN INJURY.



PLACING TOOL IN SERVICE

- Always operate, inspect and maintain this tool in accordance with American National Standards Institute Safety Code for Portable Air Tools (ANSI B186.1).
- For safety, top performance, and maximum durability of parts, operate this tool at 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa) maximum air pressure at the inlet with 1/4" (6 mm) inside diameter air supply hose.
- Always turn off the air supply and disconnect the air supply hose before installing, removing or adjusting any accessory on this tool, or before performing any maintenance on this tool.
- Do not use damaged, frayed or deteriorated air hoses and fittings.
- Be sure all hoses and fittings are the correct size and are tightly secured. See Dwg. TPD905-1 for a typical piping arrangement.
- Always use clean, dry air at 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa) maximum air pressure. Dust, corrosive fumes and/or excessive moisture can ruin the motor of an air tool.
- Do not lubricate tools with flammable or volatile liquids such as kerosene, diesel or jet fuel.
- Do not remove any labels. Replace any damaged label.

USING THE TOOL

- Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.
- Always wear hearing protection when operating this tool.
- Keep hands, loose clothing and long hair away from rotating end of tool.
- Note the position of the reversing lever before operating the tool so as to be aware of the direction of rotation when operating the throttle.
- Anticipate and be alert for sudden changes in motion during start up and operation of any power tool.
- Keep body stance balanced and firm. Do not overreach when operating this tool. High reaction torques can occur at or below the recommended air pressure.
- Tool accessory may continue to rotate briefly after throttle is released.
- Air powered tools can vibrate in use. Vibration, repetitive motions or uncomfortable positions may be harmful to your hands and arms. Stop using any tool if discomfort, tingling feeling or pain occurs. Seek medical advice before resuming use.
- Use accessories recommended by ARO.
- This tool is not insulated against electric shock.
- This tool is not designed for working in explosive atmospheres.

NOTICE

The use of other than genuine ARO replacement parts may result in safety hazards, decreased tool performance, and increased maintenance, and may invalidate all warranties.

Repairs should be made only by authorized trained personnel. Consult your nearest ARO Authorized Servicenter.

For parts and service information, contact your local ARO distributor, or the Customer Service Dept. of the Ingersoll-Rand Distribution Center, White House, TN at PH: (615) 672-0321, FAX: (615) 672-0801.

ARO Tool Products

Ingersoll-Rand Company

1725 U.S. No. 1 North • P.O. Box 8000 • Southern Pines, NC 28388-8000

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WARNING LABEL IDENTIFICATION



FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN INJURY.

	⚠ WARNING
	Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.

	⚠ WARNING
	Always wear hearing protection when operating this tool.

	⚠ WARNING
	Always turn off the air supply and disconnect the air supply hose before installing, removing or adjusting any accessory on this tool, or before performing any maintenance on this tool.

	⚠ WARNING
	Air powered tools can vibrate in use. Vibration, repetitive motions or uncomfortable positions may be harmful to your hands and arms. Stop using any tool if discomfort, tingling feeling or pain occurs. Seek medical advice before resuming use.

	⚠ WARNING
	Do not carry the tool by the hose.

	⚠ WARNING
	Do not use damaged, frayed or deteriorated air hoses and fittings.

	⚠ WARNING
	Keep body stance balanced and firm. Do not overreach when operating this tool.

	⚠ WARNING
	Operate at 90 psig (6.2 bar/ 620 kPa) Maximum air pressure.

ADJUSTMENTS

CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT



Disconnect the air supply from the Tool before proceeding.

1. Rotate the Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover to expose the clutch adjusting hole in the Clutch Housing.
2. Insert a 1/4" hex wrench into the Spindle or wrench on the square driver and rotate the clutch mechanism until the area having an opening between the faces of the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer and Clutch Adjusting Nut is visible.

3. Using a screwdriver that has a #1 Phillips tip, insert the tip of the screwdriver into the opening and rotate the screwdriver to adjust the Clutch. Rotate the screwdriver clockwise to decrease Clutch Spring tension and torque and counterclockwise to increase the tension and torque.

NOTICE

The most satisfactory adjustment is usually obtained by using the tool on the actual application and increasing or decreasing the delivered torque until the desired setting is reached. In any event, it is recommended that final adjustment be made by gradual progression.

PLACING TOOL IN SERVICE

LUBRICATION



IRAX No. 10



Gearing:
IRAX No. 67
Clutch:
IRAX No. 28

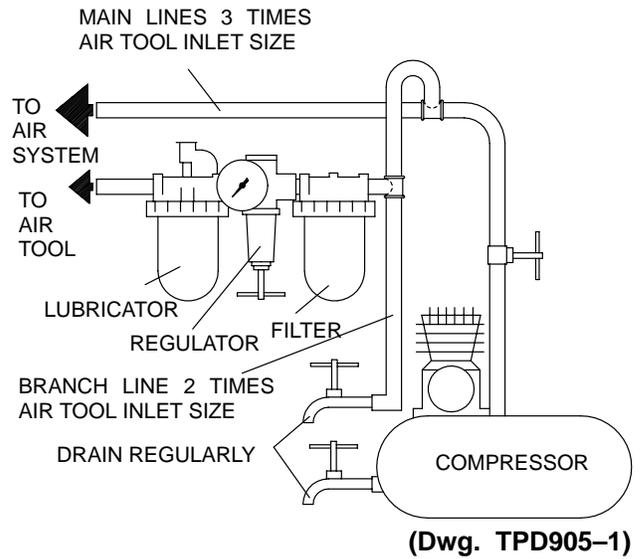
Always use an air line lubricator with this tool.
We recommend the following
Filter-Lubricator-Regulator Unit:

For USA – No. C08-02-FKG0-28

Whenever the tool is disassembled for maintenance or repair, lubricate the gear train with IRAX No. 67 Grease.

Whenever the tool is disassembled for maintenance or repair, lubricate the clutch assembly with IRAX No. 28 Grease.

After every 40,000 cycles or one month, or as experience indicates, inject 2 to 4 cc of IRAX No. 67 Grease into the Grease Fitting on the Angle Attachment.



MODEL IDENTIFICATION

Tool Style	Rotation	Throttle	Free Speed	Clutch	Bit Holder or Driver	Angle Head
RR (Angle)	1 (Reversible)	1 (Lever Start)	E (0500) F (0250)	4 (Automatic Shut-off) 3 (Cushion Clutch)	Q (1/4" Quick Release) N (3/8" Square Drive) M (1/4" Wire Detent Hex Bit Holder)	4 (Large)
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <hr style="width: 50px; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>RR</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <hr style="width: 50px; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>1</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <hr style="width: 50px; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>1</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <hr style="width: 50px; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>E</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <hr style="width: 50px; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>4</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <hr style="width: 50px; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>N</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <hr style="width: 50px; margin: 0 auto;"/> <p>4</p> </div> </div>						

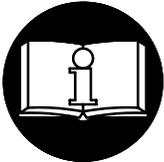
**TOURNEVIS D'ANGLE ET CLÉS D'ANGLE
 RÉVERSIBLES A COUPLE ÉLEVÉ SÉRIE RR11**

NOTE

Les tournevis et clés d'angle réversibles de la série RR11 sont destinés au montage des petites fixations filetées dans des espaces restreints.

ARO ne peut être tenu responsable de la modification des outils par le client pour les adapter à des applications qui n'ont pas été approuvées par ARO.

ATTENTION



**D'IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SECURITÉ SONT JOINTES.
 LIRE CE MANUEL AVANT D'UTILISER L'OUTIL.
 L'EMPLOYEUR EST TENU À COMMUNIQUER LES INFORMATIONS
 DE CE MANUEL AUX EMPLOYÉS UTILISANT CET OUTIL.**

LE NON RESPECT DES AVERTISSEMENTS SUIVANTS PEUT CAUSER DES BLESSURES

MISE EN SERVICE DE L'OUTIL

- Toujours exploiter, inspecter et entretenir cet outil conformément au Code de sécurité des outils pneumatiques portatifs de l'American National Standards Institute (ANSI B186.1).
- Pour la sécurité, les performances optimales et la durabilité maximale des pièces, cet outil doit être connecté à une alimentation d'air comprimé de 6,2 bar (620 kPa) maximum à l'entrée, avec un flexible de 6 mm de diamètre intérieur.
- Couper toujours l'alimentation d'air comprimé et débrancher le flexible d'alimentation avant d'installer, déposer ou ajuster tout accessoire sur cet outil, ou d'entreprendre une opération d'entretien quelconque sur l'outil.
- Ne pas utiliser des flexibles ou des raccords endommagés, effilochés ou détériorés.
- S'assurer que tous les flexibles et les raccords sont correctement dimensionnés et bien serrés. Voir Plan TPD905-1 pour un exemple type d'agencement des tuyauteries.
- Utiliser toujours de l'air sec et propre à une pression maximum de 6,2 bar (620 kPa). La poussière, les fumées corrosives et/ou une humidité excessive peuvent endommager le moteur d'un outil pneumatique.
- Ne jamais lubrifier les outils avec des liquides inflammables ou volatils tels que le kérosène, le gasol ou le carburant d'aviation.
- Ne retirer aucune étiquette. Remplacer toute étiquette endommagée.

- Porter toujours une protection acoustique pendant l'utilisation de cet outil.
- Tenir les mains, les vêtements flous et les cheveux longs, éloignés de l'extrémité rotative de l'outil.
- Noter la position du levier d'inversion avant de mettre l'outil en marche de manière à savoir dans quel sens il va tourner lorsque la commande est actionnée.
- Prévoir, et ne pas oublier, que tout outil motorisé est susceptible d'à-coups brusques lors de sa mise en marche et pendant son utilisation.
- Garder une position équilibrée et ferme. Ne pas se pencher trop en avant pendant l'utilisation de cet outil. Des couples de réaction élevés peuvent se produire à, ou en dessous, de la pression d'air recommandée.
- La percussion des accessoires de l'outil peut continuer pendant un certain temps après le relâchement de la gâchette.
- Les outils pneumatiques peuvent vibrer pendant l'exploitation. Les vibrations, les mouvements répétitifs et les positions inconfortables peuvent causer des douleurs dans les mains et les bras. N'utiliser plus d'outils en cas d'inconfort, de picotements ou de douleurs. Consulter un médecin avant de recommencer à utiliser l'outil.
- Utiliser les accessoires recommandés par ARO.
- Cet outil n'est pas conçu pour fonctionner dans des atmosphères explosives.
- Cet outil n'est pas isolé contre les chocs électriques.

UTILISATION DE L'OUTIL

- Porter toujours des lunettes de protection pendant l'utilisation et l'entretien de cet outil.

NOTE

L'utilisation de rechanges autres que les pièces d'origine ARO peut causer des risques d'insécurité, réduire les performances de l'outil et augmenter l'entretien, et peut annuler toutes les garanties.

Les réparations ne doivent être effectuées que par des réparateurs qualifiés autorisés. Consultez votre Centre de Service ARO le plus proche.

Pour les informations relatives aux pièces et au service, contactez votre distributeur ARO.

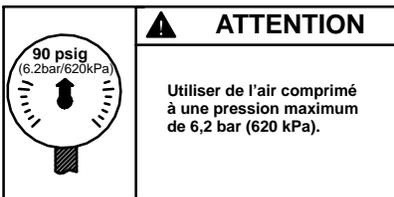
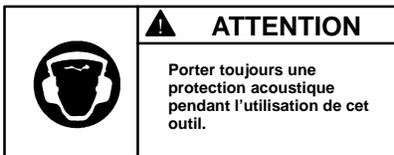
ARO Tool Products



SIGNIFICATION DES ÉTIQUETTES D'AVERTISSEMENT

⚠ ATTENTION

LE NON RESPECT DES AVERTISSEMENTS SUIVANTS PEUT CAUSER DES BLESSURES



RÉGLAGES

REGLAGE DU LIMITEUR

⚠ ATTENTION

Débrancher l'alimentation d'air comprimé de l'outil avant d'entreprendre les opérations suivantes.

1. Tourner la bague pour accéder au trou de réglage du limiteur.
2. Insérer une clé hexagonale de 1/4" dans la broche ou une clé sur le carré entraîneur et tourner le mécanisme du limiteur jusqu'à ce que la zone ayant une ouverture entre les faces de la rondelle et de l'écrou de réglage du limiteur soit visible.

3. A l'aide d'un tournevis Phillips No.1, insérer la lame du tournevis dans l'ouverture et tourner le tournevis pour régler le limiteur. Tourner le tournevis dans le sens horaire pour réduire la tension du ressort du limiteur et le couple, et dans le sens antihoraire pour augmenter la tension et le couple.

NOTE

La meilleure méthode de réglage est normalement obtenue en utilisant l'outil sur l'application requise en augmentant ou en diminuant le couple fourni jusqu'à ce que le réglage désiré soit obtenu. De plus, il est toujours recommandé d'obtenir le réglage final au moyen de réglages progressifs.

MISE EN SERVICE DE L'OUTIL

LUBRIFICATION



IRAX No. 10



Pignonnerie:
IRAX No. 67

Limiteur:
IRAX No. 28

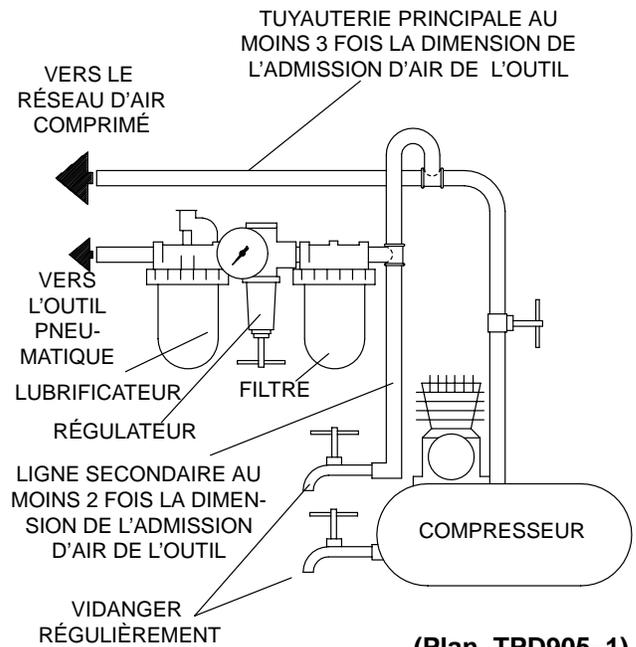
Utiliser toujours un lubrificateur avec ces outils. Nous recommandons l'emploi du filtre-régulateur-lubrificateur suivant:

É.U. – No. C08-02-FKG0-28

Lubrifier le train d'engrenages avec de la graisse IRAX No. 67 **à chaque fois que l'outil est démonté pour entretien ou réparation.**

Lubrifier l'ensemble de limiteur avec de la graisse IRAX No. 28 **à chaque fois que l'outil est démonté pour entretien ou réparation.**

Tous les 40.000 cycles ou au moins tous les mois, selon le cas, injecter 2 à 4 cm³ de graisse IRAX No. 67 dans le raccord de graissage du renvoi d'angle.



(Plan TPD905-1)

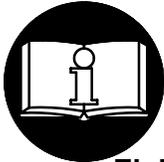
LLAVES ANGULARES Y ATORNILLADORES ANGULARES REVERSIBLES DE ELEVADO PAR DE LA SERIE RR11



NOTA

Las Llaves Angulares y Atornilladores Angulares Serie RR11 están diseñadas para el atornillado de pequeñas uniones roscadas en aplicaciones de acceso reducido. ARO no aceptará responsabilidad alguna por la modificación de las herramientas efectuada por el cliente para las aplicaciones que no hayan sido consultadas con ARO.

⚠ AVISO



SE ADJUNTA INFORMACION IMPORTANTE DE SEGURIDAD. LEA ESTE MANUAL ANTES DE USAR LA HERRAMIENTA. ES RESPONSABILIDAD DE LA EMPRESA ASEGURARSE DE QUE EL OPERARIO ESTE AL TANTO DE LA INFORMACION QUE CONTIENE ESTE MANUAL. EL HACER CASO OMISO DE LOS AVISOS SIGUIENTES PODRIA OCASIONAR LESIONES.

PARA PONER LA HERRAMIENTA EN SERVICIO

- Utilice, examine y mantenga siempre esta herramienta conforme al código de seguridad para herramientas neumáticas portátiles de la American National Standards Institute (ANSI B186.1).
- Para seguridad, máximo rendimiento y durabilidad de piezas, use esta herramienta a una máxima presión de aire de 90 psig (6,2 bar/620kPa) en la admisión de manguera de suministro de aire de diámetro interno de 6 mm.
- Corte siempre el suministro de aire y desconecte la manguera de suministro de aire antes de instalar, desmontar o ajustar cualquier accesorio de esta herramienta, o antes de realizar cualquier operación de mantenimiento de la misma.
- No utilice mangueras de aire y accesorios dañados, desgastados ni deteriorados.
- Asegúrese de que todas las mangueras y los accesorios sean del tamaño correcto y estén bien apretados. Vea Esq. TPD905-1 para un típico arreglo de tuberías.
- Use siempre aire limpio y seco a una máxima presión de 90 psig (6,2 bar/620kPa). El polvo, los gases corrosivos y/o el exceso de humedad podrían estropear el motor de una herramienta neumática.
- No lubrique las herramientas con líquidos inflamables o volátiles tales como queroseno, gasoil o combustible para motores a reacción.
- No saque ninguna etiqueta. Sustituya toda etiqueta dañada.

- Use siempre protección para los oídos cuando utilice esta herramienta.
- Mantenga las manos, la ropa suelta y el cabello largo alejados del extremo giratorio de la herramienta.
- Note la posición de la palanca de inversión antes de funcionar la herramienta para estar consciente de su dirección giratoria cuando funcione el estrangulador.
- Anticipe y esté alerta a los cambios repentinos en el movimiento durante la puesta en marcha y el manejo de toda herramienta motorizada.
- Mantenga una postura de cuerpo equilibrada y firme. No estire demasiado los brazos al manejar la herramienta. Pueden ocurrir reacciones de alto par a, o menos de, la recomendada presión de aire.
- El accesorio de herramienta podría seguir girando brevemente después de haber soltado la palanca de estrangulación.
- Las herramientas neumáticas pueden vibrar durante el uso. La vibración, repetición o posiciones incómodas pueden dañarle los brazos y manos. En caso de incomodidad, sensación de hormigueo o dolor, deje de usar la herramienta. Consulte a un médico antes de volver a usarla otra vez.
- Utilice únicamente los accesorios ARO recomendados.
- Esta herramienta no ha sido diseñada para trabajar en ambientes explosivos.
- Esta herramienta no está aislada contra descargas eléctricas.

USO DE HERRAMIENTA

- Use siempre protección ocular cuando utilice esta herramienta o realice operaciones de mantenimiento en la misma.

NOTA

El uso de piezas de recambio que no sean las auténticas piezas ARO podría poner en peligro la seguridad, reducir el rendimiento de la herramienta y aumentar los cuidados de mantenimiento necesarios, así como invalidar toda garantía.

Las reparaciones sólo serán realizadas por personal cualificado y autorizado. Consulte con el centro de servicio ARO autorizado más próximo.

Pour les informations relatives aux pièces et au service, contactez votre distributeur ARO.

ARO Tool Products



ETIQUETAS DE AVISO

⚠ AVISO

EL HACER CASO OMISO DE LOS AVISOS SIGUIENTES PODRIA OCASIONAR LESIONES.

	⚠ ADVERTENCIA Use siempre protección ocular cuando utilice esta herramienta o realice operaciones de mantenimiento en la misma.
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	⚠ ADVERTENCIA Use siempre protección para los oídos cuando utilice esta herramienta.
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	⚠ ADVERTENCIA Cortar siempre el suministro de aire y desconectar la manguera de suministro de aire antes de instalar, retirar o ajustar cualquier accesorio de esta herramienta, o antes de realizar cualquier operación de mantenimiento de la misma.
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	⚠ ADVERTENCIA Las herramientas neumáticas pueden vibrar durante el uso. La vibración, los movimientos repetitivos o las posiciones incómodas podrían dañarle los brazos y las manos. En caso de incomodidad, sensación de hormigueo o dolor, dejar de usar la herramienta. Consultar al médico antes de volver a utilizarla.
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	⚠ ADVERTENCIA No coger la herramienta por la manguera para levantarla.
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	⚠ ADVERTENCIA No utilizar mangueras de aire y accesorios dañados, desgastados ni deteriorados.
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	⚠ ADVERTENCIA Mantener una postura del cuerpo equilibrada y firme. No estirar demasiado los brazos al manejar la herramienta.
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	⚠ ADVERTENCIA Manejar la herramienta a una presión de aire máxima de 90 psig (6,2 bar/620 kPa).
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AJUSTES

AJUSTE DE EMBRAGUE

⚠ AVISO

Desconecte el suministro de aire comprimido de la herramienta antes de proceder.

1. Mueva la tapa de orificio de ajuste en la carcasa de embrague para ver el orificio de ajuste.
2. Introduzca una llave hexagonal de 1/4" en el husillo o una llave en el cuadradillo y haga girar el mecanismo del embrague hasta que sea visible la zona donde hay una abertura entre las caras de la arandela de la tuerca de ajuste del embrague y la tuerca de ajuste del embrague.

3. Introduzca la punta de un atornillador con punta Phillips nº 1 en la abertura y gire el atornillador para ajustar el embrague. Gire el atornillador hacia la derecha para reducir la tensión y el par del muelle del embrague o hacia la izquierda para aumentarlos.

NOTA

Normalmente se obtendrá el mejor ajuste usando la herramienta en trabajo actual e incrementando o disminuyendo el par hasta lograr el ajuste deseado. En cualquier caso, se recomienda hacer el ajuste final por progresión gradual.

PARA PONER LA HERRAMIENTA EN SERVICIO

LUBRICACION



IRAX Nº 10



Engranajes:
IRAX Nº 67
Embrague:
IRAX Nº 28

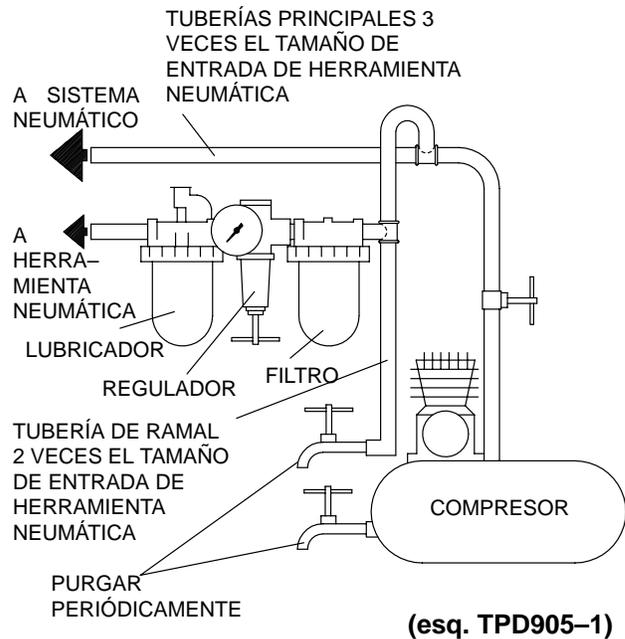
Utilice siempre un lubricador de aire comprimido con estas llaves de impacto. Recomendamos la siguiente unidad de Filtro–Lubricador–Regulador:

EE.UU. – Nº C08–02–FKG0–28

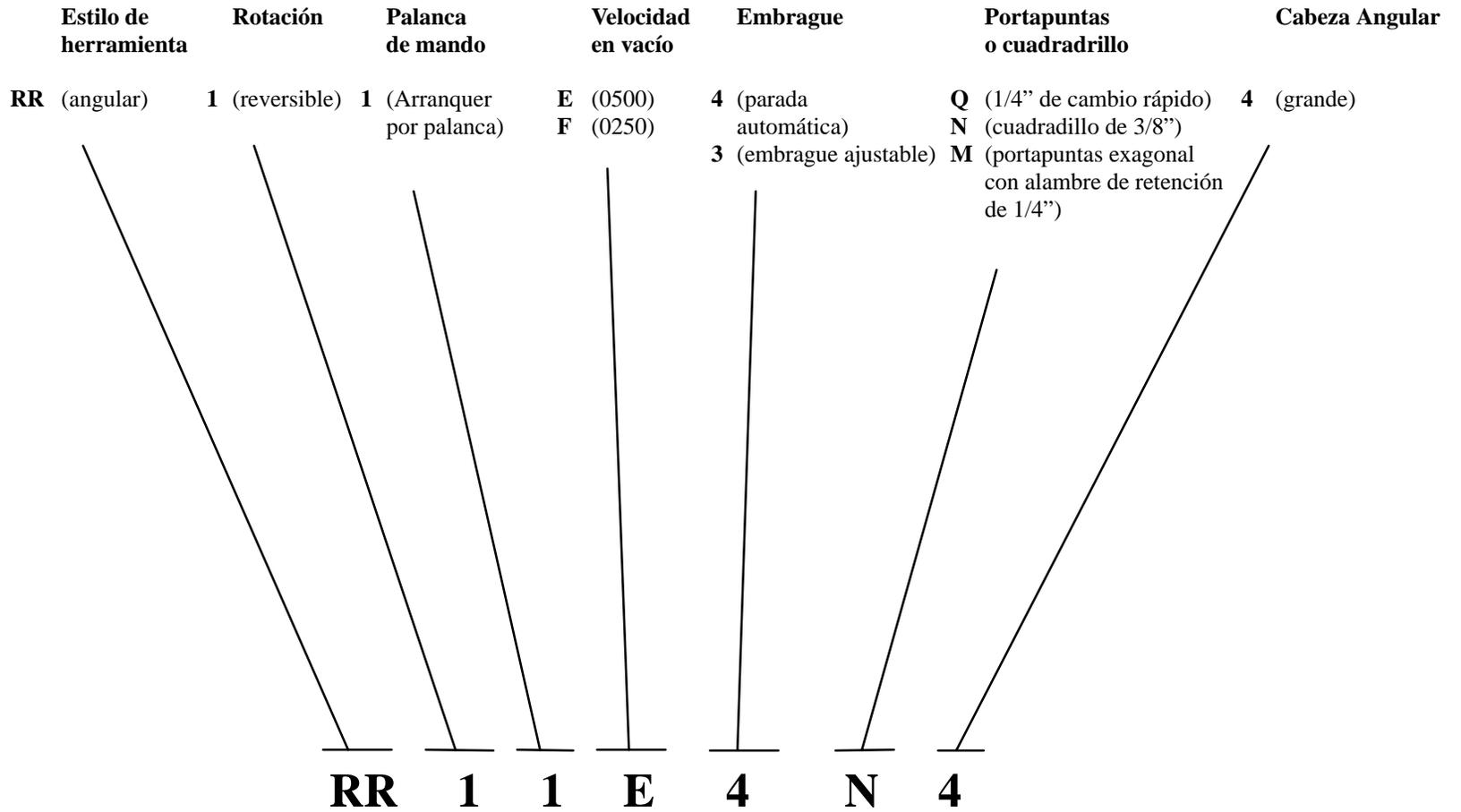
Cada vez que se desarme la herramienta para realizarle trabajos de mantenimiento o reparación, lubrique el tren de engranajes con grasa IRAX Nº 67.

Cada vez que se desarme la herramienta para realizarle trabajos de mantenimiento o reparación, lubrique el conjunto del embrague con grasa IRAX Nº 28.

Después de cada 40,000 ciclos o un mes de uso, o según indique la experiencia, inyecte 2–4 cc de grasa IRAX Nº 67 en el engrasador de la cabeza angular.



IDENTIFICACIÓN DE MODELOS



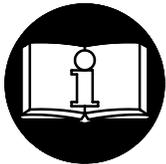
**APARAFUSADORAS E CHAVES INGLESAS EM ÂNGULO
REVERSÍVEIS DE BINÁRIO ELEVADO SÉRIE RR11**



AVISO

As Aparafusadoras e Ferramentas Pneumáticas Angulares Séries RR11 são concebidas para accionar apertadores de rosca pequenos em aplicações em espaços reduzidos.

A ARO não é responsável por modificações, feitas pelo cliente em ferramentas, nas quais a ARO não tenha sido consultada.



⚠️ ADVERTÊNCIA

**INFORMAÇÃO DE SEGURANÇA IMPORTANTE EM ANEXO
LEIA ESTE MANUAL ANTES DE OPERAR A FERRAMENTA.
É DA RESPONSABILIDADE DO EMPREGADOR COLOCAR
A INFORMAÇÃO DESTE MANUAL NAS MÃOS DO OPERADOR.**

O NÃO CUMPRIMENTO DAS SEGUINTE ADVERTÊNCIAS PODE RESULTAR EM FERIMENTOS.

**COLOCANDO A FERRAMENTA
EM FUNCIONAMENTO**

- Sempre opere, inspecione e mantenha esta ferramenta de acordo com o Código de Segurança do Instituto Americano de Padrões Nacionais para Ferramentas Pneumáticas Portáteis (ANSI B186.1).
- Para segurança, máximo desempenho e máxima durabilidade das peças, opere esta ferramenta com uma pressão de ar máxima de 6,2 bar/620 kPa (90 psig) na entrada da mangueira de alimentação de ar com diâmetro interno de 6 mm (1/4").
- Desligue sempre a alimentação de ar e desconecte a mangueira de alimentação de ar antes de instalar, remover ou ajustar qualquer acessório nesta ferramenta, ou antes de executar qualquer serviço de manutenção nesta ferramenta.
- Não use mangueiras de ar ou adaptadores danificados, gastos ou deteriorados.
- Certifique-se de que todas as mangueiras e adaptadores sejam do tamanho correcto e estejam apertados com firmeza. Veja o Desenho TPD905-1 para um arranjo típico de tubagem.
- Use sempre ar seco e limpo com pressão máxima de 6,2 bar/620 kPa (90 psig). Pó, fumos corrosivos e/ou humidade excessiva podem arruinar o motor de uma ferramenta pneumática.
- Não lubrifique as ferramentas com líquidos inflamáveis ou voláteis tais como querosene, diesel ou combustível de jactos.
- Não remova nenhum rótulo. Reponha qualquer rótulo danificado.

USANDO A FERRAMENTA

- Use sempre óculos de protecção quando estiver operando ou executando serviço de manutenção nesta ferramenta.

- Use sempre protecção contra ruído ao operar esta ferramenta.
- Mantenha as mãos, partes do vestuário soltas e cabelos compridos afastados da extremidade em rotação.
- Observe qual é a posição da alavanca que reverte o sentido de rotação antes de operar esta ferramenta de modo a estar atento ao sentido de rotação quando operar o regulador de pressão.
- Antecipe e esteja alerta a mudanças repentinas no movimento quando ligar e operar qualquer ferramenta motorizada.
- Mantenha a posição do corpo equilibrada e firme. Não exagere quando operar esta ferramenta. Torques de reacção elevados podem ocorrer na ou abaixo da pressão de ar recomendada.
- Os acessórios da ferramenta podem continuar a girar brevemente após a pressão ter sido aliviada.
- Ferramentas accionadas pneumáticamente podem vibrar em uso. Vibração, movimentos repetitivos ou posições desconfortáveis podem ser prejudiciais às mãos e aos braços. Pare de usar a ferramenta caso ocorra algum desconforto, sensação de formigueiro ou dor. Procure assistência médica antes de retornar ao trabalho.
- Use acessórios recomendados pela ARO.
- Esta Ferramenta não foi concebida para trabalhos em atmosferas explosivas.
- Esta Ferramenta não está isolada contra choques eléctricos.

AVISO

O uso de peças de substituição que não sejam genuinamente da ARO podem resultar em riscos de segurança, diminuição do desempenho da ferramenta, aumento da necessidade de manutenção e pode invalidar todas as garantias.

As reparações devem ser feitas somente por pessoal treinado autorizado. Consulte o Centro de Serviços da ARO mais próximo.

Para obter informações sobre peças e assistência, contacte o seu distribuidor local ARO.

ARO Tool Products

Ingersoll-Rand Company

1725 U.S. No. 1 North • P.O. Box 8000 • Southern Pines, NC 28388-8000

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IDENTIFICAÇÃO DO RÓTULO DE ADVERTÊNCIA

▲ ADVERTÊNCIA

O NÃO CUMPRIMENTO DAS SEGUINTE ADVERTÊNCIAS PODE RESULTAR EM FERIMENTO.

	▲ ADVERTÊNCIA Use sempre óculos de protecção quando estiver operando ou executando algum serviço de manutenção nesta ferramenta.
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	▲ ADVERTÊNCIA Use sempre protecção contra o ruído ao operar esta ferramenta.
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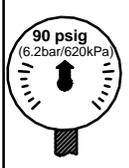
	▲ ADVERTÊNCIA Desligue sempre a alimentação de ar e desconecte a mangueira de alimentação de ar antes de instalar, remover ou ajustar qualquer acessório nesta ferramenta, ou antes de executar algum serviço de manutenção nesta ferramenta.
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	▲ ADVERTÊNCIA Ferramentas accionadas pneumáticamente podem vibrar em uso. Vibração, movimentos repetitivos ou posições desconfortáveis podem ser prejudiciais às mãos e aos braços. Pare de usar a ferramenta caso ocorra algum desconforto, sensação de formigueiro ou dor. Procure assistência médica antes de retornar ao trabalho.
---	--

	▲ ADVERTÊNCIA Não carregue a ferramenta segurando na mangueira.
---	---

	▲ ADVERTÊNCIA Não use mangueiras de ar ou adaptadores danificados, gastos ou deteriorados.
---	--

	▲ ADVERTÊNCIA Mantenha a posição do corpo equilibrada e firme. Não exagere quando operar esta ferramenta. Torques de reacção elevados podem ocorrer sob a pressão de ar recomendada.
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	▲ ADVERTÊNCIA Opere com pressão do ar Máxima de 90-100 psig(6,2-6,9bar).
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AJUSTES

AJUSTE DA EMBRAIAGEM

▲ ADVERTÊNCIA

Desconecte a alimentação de ar da Ferramenta antes de prosseguir.

1. Rode a tampa do orifício de ajuste da embraiagem para expor este orifício na carcaça da embraiagem.
2. Introduza uma chave sextavada de 1/4" na haste ou uma chave inglesa no accionamento quadrado e rode o mecanismo da embraiagem até a área que tem uma abertura entre as faces da anilha e da porca de ajuste da embraiagem ficar visível.

3. Introduza a ponta de uma chave de fendas Phillips N° 1 na abertura e rode a chave de fendas para ajustar a embraiagem. Rode a chave para a direita para reduzir a tensão e o binário da mola da embraiagem e para a esquerda para aumentar a tensão e o binário.

AVISO

O ajuste mais satisfatório é usualmente obtido ao utilizar a ferramenta na aplicação real e aumentando ou diminuindo o torque exercido até que o ajuste desejado seja atingido. Em qualquer caso, é recomendado que o ajuste final seja feito em progressivamente.

COLOCANDO A FERRAMENTA EM FUNCIONAMENTO

LUBRIFICAÇÃO



IRAX. 10



Engrenagem:
IRAX No. 67
Embraiagem:
IRAX No. 28

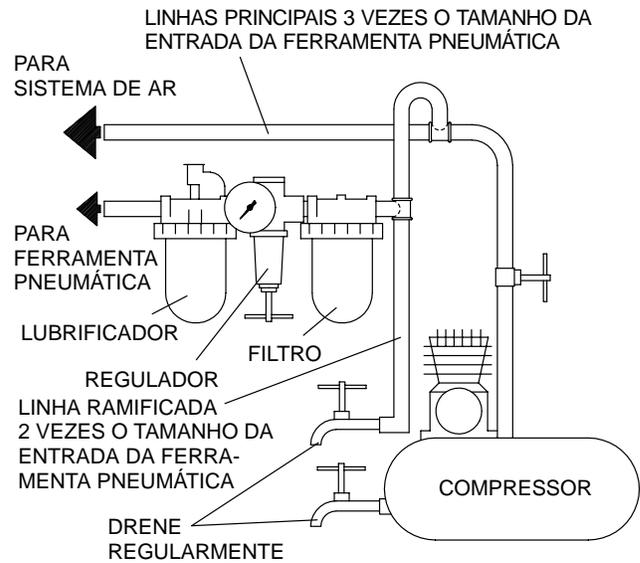
Use sempre um lubrificador de ar de linha com estas ferramentas. Nós recomendamos a seguinte Unidade Filtro-Lubrificador-Regulador:

Para E.U.A. – No. C08-02-FKG0-28

Sempre que a ferramenta for desmontada para manutenção ou reparação, lubrifique o trem de engrenagens com Massa IRAX Nº 67.

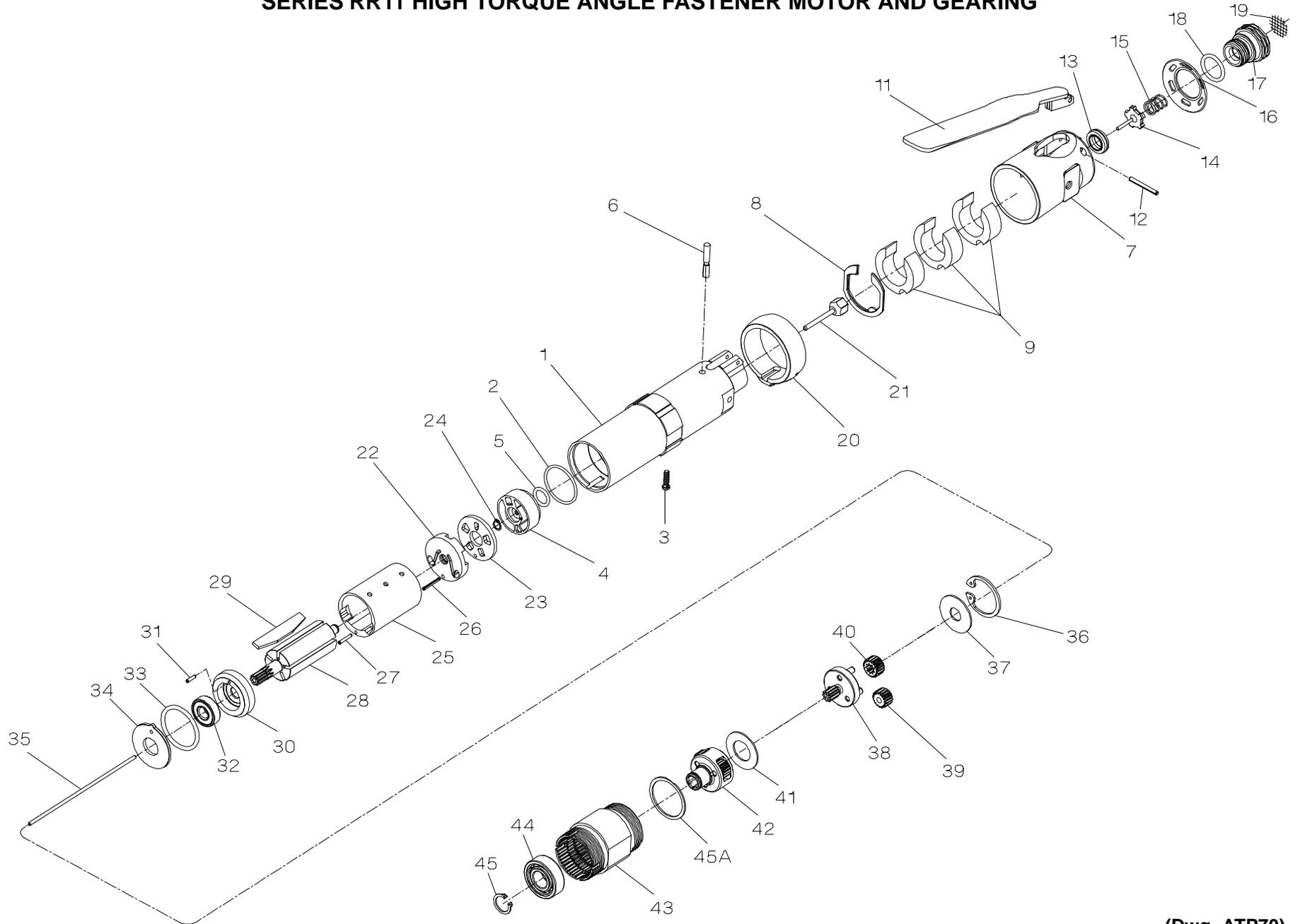
Sempre que a ferramenta for desmontada para manutenção ou reparação, lubrifique o conjunto da embraiagem com Massa IRAX Nº 28.

Após cada 40 000 ciclos ou um mês, ou conforme a experiência indicar, injecte 2 a 4 cc de Massa Lubrificante IRAX Nº 67 no copo de lubrificação do acessório em ângulo.



(Desenho TPD905-1)

SERIES RR11 HIGH TORQUE ANGLE FASTENER MOTOR AND GEARING



17

(Dwg. ATP70)

SERIES RR11 HIGH TORQUE ANGLE FASTENER MOTOR AND GEARING

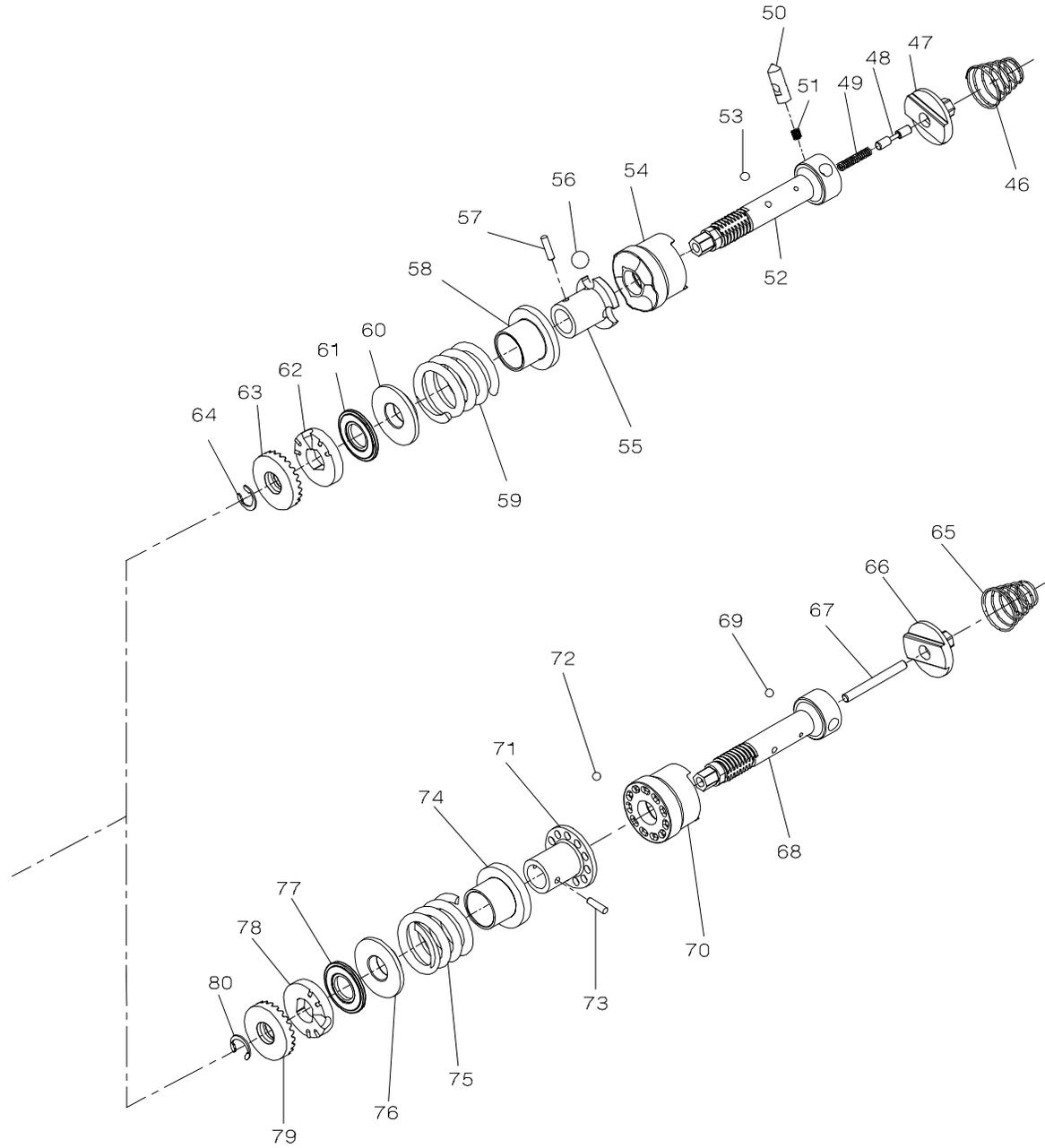
PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

1	Motor Housing	TRL-40	28	Rotor	
2	Housing O-ring	TRH-104		for Models with an Automatic	
3	Housing Screw	TRH-330		Shutoff Valve	TRH-53
4	Reverse Valve Assembly			for Models without an Automatic	
	for Models with an Automatic			Shutoff Valve	TRD-53
	Shutoff Valve	TRH-A329	29	Vane Packet (set of 5 Vanes)	TRH-42-5
	for Models without an Automatic		30	Front End Plate Assembly	TRH-A11
	Shutoff Valve	TRH-A3291	31	End Plate Alignment Pin	TRH-98-2
5	Reverse Valve Seal	R1A-159	32	Front Rotor Bearing	TRH-24
6	Throttle Plunger	TRL-302	33	Motor Seal	TRH-211
7	Back Cap	TAL-231	34	Motor Clamp Washer	TRH-207
8	Back Cap Gasket	TRL-A283	35	Push Rod (for Models with an	
9	Muffler Element (3)	TRL-311		Automatic Shutoff Valve)	TRH-425
11	Throttle Lever	TRL-273	36	Gear Retainer	TRH-28
12	Throttle Lever Pin	TRL-98	37	Gear Head Spacer	TRH-81
13	Throttle Valve Seat	TRH-303	38	Planet Gear Head Assembly (includes gear shafts)	
14	Throttle Valve	TRD-A302		for Series RR11F	TRH-A2169-16
15	Throttle Valve Spring	TRL-51		for Series RR11E	TRH-A2169-10
16	Exhaust Diffuser	TRH-123	39	Planet Gear (3 for each Gear Head)	
17	Inlet Bushing Assembly	TRH-A465		for Series RR11F	TRH-10-16
18	Inlet Bushing Seal	AF120-290		for Series RR11E	TRH-10-10
19	Inlet Screen	TRH-61	40	Gear Head Pinion (for Series RR11E only)	TRH-17-21
20	Reverse Lever	TRH-273	41	Planet Gear Head Spacer	TRH-82
21	Automatic Shutoff Valve (for all Models with		42	Rear Spindle Assembly (includes all	
	a Shutoff Clutch)	TRH-A435		spindle gearing)	TRH-A8-10
22	Rear End Plate Assembly (includes		43	Rear Gear Case	TAH-37
	rear rotor bearing)	TRH-A12-1	44	Spindle Bearing	TRH-510
23	Rear End Plate Face Plate	TRH-12-2	45	Spindle Bearing Retaining Ring	4E-6
24	Rear End Plate Assembly Retainer	8SL-305	45A	Spindle Bearing Seat	TRH-208
25	Cylinder Assembly	TRH-A3	*	Suspension Bail	7L-365
26	Cylinder Rear Alignment Pin	TRH-98	*	Piped-Away Exhaust Kit (optional)	LG1-K284
27	Cylinder Front Alignment Pin	TRH-98-1			

* Not illustrated.

SERIES RR11 HIGH TORQUE ANGLE FASTENER CLUTCHES



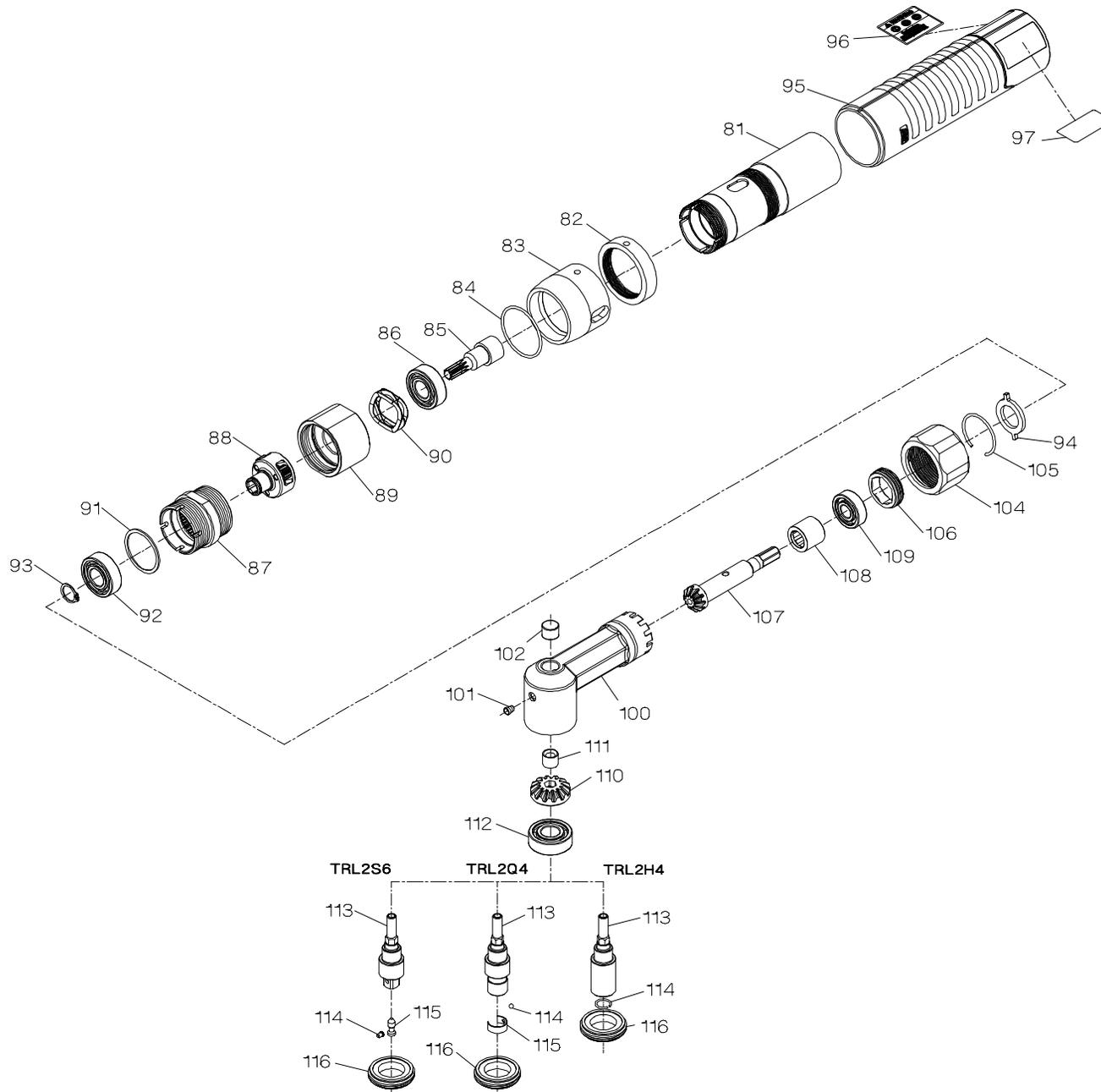
SERIES RR11 HIGH TORQUE ANGLE FASTENER CLUTCHES

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

	Automatic Shutoff Clutch Assembly		Cushion Clutch Assembly		
	with medium clutch spring (standard) . . .	TRH-AM579	with medium clutch spring (standard) . . .	TRH-AM579-C	
	with light clutch spring	TRH-AL579	with light clutch spring	TRH-AL579-C	
46	Clutch Return Spring	TRH-405	65	Clutch Return Spring	TRH-405
47	Clutch Input Driver	TRH-103	66	Clutch Input Driver	TRH-103
48	Automatic Shutoff Plunger	TRH-408	67	Clutch Pushrod	TRH-236-C
49	Automatic Shutoff Plunger Return Spring	TRH-420	68	Clutch Shaft	TRH-502
50	Automatic Shutoff Pin	TRH-704	69	Clutch Ball (1/8" diameter) (12)	AV1-255
51	Automatic Shutoff Pin Spring	TRH-407	70	Cam Jaw	TRH-721-C
52	Clutch Shaft	TRH-502	71	Clutch Cam Ball Driver	TRH-581-C
53	Clutch Ball (1/8" diameter) (12)	AV1-255	72	Clutch Cam Ball (1/8" diameter) (11)	AV1-255
54	Cam Jaw	TRH-721	73	Clutch Cam Ball Driver Retaining Pin	TRH-188
55	Clutch Cam Ball Driver	TRH-581	74	Cam Ball Seat	TRH-627-C
56	Clutch Cam Ball (1/4" diameter) (3)	4U-722	75	Clutch Spring	
57	Clutch Driver Retaining Pin	TRH-188		medium (red)	TRH-M583
58	Cam Ball Seat	TRH-627		light (yellow)	TRH-L583
59	Clutch Spring		76	Spring Seat	TRH-623
	medium (red)	TRH-M583	77	Thrust Bearing	161A32-105
	light (yellow)	TRH-L583	78	Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer	TRH-582
60	Spring Seat	TRH-623	79	Clutch Adjusting Nut	TRH-588
61	Thrust Bearing	161A32-105	80	Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop	3S3-701
62	Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer	TRH-582			
63	Clutch Adjusting Nut	TRH-588			
64	Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop	3S3-701			

SERIES RR11 HIGH TORQUE GRIP, GEARING AND ANGLE ATTACHMENTS



SERIES RR11 HIGH TORQUE GRIP, GEARING AND ANGLE ATTACHMENTS

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

PART NUMBER FOR ORDERING

81	Clutch Housing	TRL-580		104	Coupling Nut	TRL-27
82	Grip Retaining Nut	TAL-40-305		105	Coupling Nut Retainer	TRL-29
83	Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover	TAL-415		106	Angle Head Plug	TRL1-532
84	Cover O-ring	TRL-415-272		107	Bevel Pinion	TRL2-552
85	Angle Wrench Drive Adapter	TRL-212		108	Pinion Front Bearing	H54U-511B
86	Drive Adapter Bearing	TRH-510		109	Pinion Rear Bearing	TRL-514
87	Front Gear Case	TAL-37-S		110	Bevel Gear	TRL2-551
88	Intermediate Spindle Assembly	TRH-A8-12		111	Bevel Gear Retainer	TRL2-578
89	Front Gear Case Coupler	TRL-304		112	Spindle Lower Bearing	R00B1-510
90	Thrust Washer	TRL-80		113	Spindle	
91	Spindle Bearing Seat	TRH-208			for TRL2S6	TRL2-A607-S6
92	Intermediate Spindle Bearing	TRH-510			for TRL2Q4	TRL2-A607-Q4
93	Spindle Bearing Retaining Ring	4E-6			for TRL2H4	TRL2-A607-H4
94	Housing Lock Spacer	TRL-682		114	Spindle Detent	
95	Grip Assembly	TAH-40-A135			for TRL2S6	30889
96	Nameplate	TAH-301			for TRL2Q4	R000B-263
97	Warning Label	TRH-99			for TRL2H4	38790
	Angle Housing Assembly			115	Detent Retainer	
	with 3/8" Square Drive	TRL2S6			for TRL2S6	30890
	with 1/4" Quick Change	TRL2Q4			for TRL2Q4	TRH-241
	with 1/4" Wire Detent Hex Bit Holder ..	TRL2H4		116	Lower Spindle Bearing Cap	120A4-531
100	Angle Housing	TRL2-A550		*	Clutch Housing Spanner Wrench	TRH-478
101	Grease Fitting	D0F9-879				
102	Spindle Upper Bearing	TRL2-603				

* Not illustrated.

CLUTCH SPRING SELECTION CHART

Tool	Free Speed (rpm)	TORQUE RANGE (Soft Draw)	
		Light Clutch Spring (Yellow)	Medium Clutch Spring (Red)
All Series RR11 High Torque Angle Screwdrivers and Angle Wrenches	500	11.7 to 38.2 in-lbs. (1.32 to 4.32 Nm)	31.0 to 88.3 in-lbs. (3.50 to 9.98 Nm)
	250	11.7 to 38.2 in-lbs. (1.32 to 4.32 Nm)	31.0 to 88.3 in-lbs. (3.50 to 12.46 Nm)

MAINTENANCE SECTION



Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.

Always turn off the air supply and disconnect the air supply hose before installing, removing or adjusting any accessory on this tool, or before performing any maintenance on this tool.

LUBRICATION

Each time a Series RR11 Angle Wrench or Angle Screwdriver is disassembled for maintenance and repair or replacement of parts, lubricate the tool as follows:

1. Coat all exposed gears with IRAX No. 67 Grease and work some of the Grease into the gearing of the Angle Housing (100).
2. Work approximately 6 to 8 cc of IRAX No. 28 Grease into the ball pockets, jaws, adjusting nut lock and shaft threads of the clutch mechanism.
3. Use IRAX No. 10 Oil to lubricate the motor. Inject approximately 1 to 2 cc of oil into the air inlet before attaching the air hose to the tool.

SPEED ADJUSTMENT

In addition to adjustable clutches for controlling torque, Series RR11 Angle Wrenches and Angle Screwdrivers are furnished with the ability to precisely control speed, within certain ranges. Setting the speed requires a tachometer. Therefore, the adjustment, although simple, should only be attempted by a competent technician using the proper equipment.

The Back Cap (7) has a small, molded stud on the end face of the Cap nearest the Exhaust Diffuser (16). That stud controls the radial location of the Diffuser which controls the opening size of the exhaust ports. Take an initial reading of the tool speed by applying a tachometer to the end of the Spindle (113). Using the procedure required to activate the motor of your particular model tool, bring the motor to maximum free speed.

After determining the actual velocity, shut off the air supply and disconnect the air line. Use a 3/4" wrench to

loosen the Inlet Bushing. The longest slot in the Exhaust Diffuser will contain the molded stud on the Back Cap. Rotate the Diffuser to open the exhaust ports to increase speed or rotate it to restrict the exhaust to reduce speed. Being careful not to allow the Diffuser to damage the molded stud, tighten the Inlet Bushing to 15 ft-lbs. (20 Nm) torque. Connect the air line and restore the air supply and check the velocity again. Determine which direction you need to rotate the Diffuser to obtain the desired speed and then rotate it accordingly. Best results are achieved by using gradual increments and frequent tachometer readings. Be sure to turn off the air supply and disconnect the line when making adjustments.

DISASSEMBLY

General Instructions

1. Do not disassemble the tool any further than necessary to replace or repair damaged parts.
2. Whenever grasping a tool or part in a vise, always use leather-covered or copper-covered vice jaws to protect the surface of the part and help prevent distortion. This is particularly true of threaded members and housings.
3. Do not remove any part which is a press fit in or on a subassembly unless the removal of that part is necessary for repairs or replacement.
4. Do not disassemble the tool unless you have a complete set of gaskets and o-rings for replacement.

Disassembly of the Tool

Each Series RR11 Angle Wrench or Angle Screwdriver is made up of modules or units. These units can be disassembled for repair or service without affecting remaining units that require no service. The same modules are not included in every model. To separate the modules, proceed as follows:

1. Lightly grasp the hex body portion of the Angle Head (100) in copper-covered or leather-covered vise jaws in a manner that provides access to the Coupling Nut (104).

MAINTENANCE SECTION

NOTICE

The Coupling Nut has a left-hand thread. Rotate the Nut clockwise to loosen it.

- Using a wrench on the flats of the Coupling Nut, loosen the Coupling Nut and then remove the tool from the vise jaws.
- With the Angle Head upward, unscrew the Coupling Nut and pull the assembled Angle Head off the front end of the tool. Remove the Housing Lock Spacer (94) from the Angle Head or the Front Gear Case (87).
- Grasp the wrench flats near the inlet end of the tool in copper-covered or leather-covered vise jaws with the clutch end upward.
- Using an adjustable wrench on the flats of the Front Gear Case Coupler (89) to prevent it from tightening, use a 1-1/16" wrench on the flats of the Front Gear Case to unscrew and separate the assembled Gear Case from the Coupler.
- Rotate the Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover (83) until the hole in the Cover is aligned with the hole in the Clutch Housing (81). Insert a rod into the opening to hold the Housing from loosening when the Coupler is removed.

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left-hand thread. Rotate the wrench clockwise to remove the Coupler.

- Using the adjustable wrench on the flats, unscrew and remove the Coupler from the Gear Case.
- Grasp the Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover and pull it upward off the Clutch Housing. Remove the Cover O-ring (84) from inside the Cover if it needs to be replaced.

NOTICE

The Grip Retaining Nut has a left-hand thread. Rotate the Nut clockwise to loosen it.

- Using a spanner wrench with a 1/8" pin, unscrew and remove the Grip Retaining Nut (82).
- Pull the Grip Assembly (95) off the Clutch Housing.
- Using pliers, pull the Angle Wrench Drive Adapter (85) with the Drive Adapter Bearing (86) and Thrust Washer (90) out of the Clutch Housing.
- Reposition the tool in the vise jaws to grasp the flats on the Gear Case with the Clutch Housing upward.

NOTICE

The Clutch Housing has a left-hand thread. Rotate the Housing clockwise to loosen it.

- Engage the hook of the Clutch Housing Spanner Wrench (Part No. TRH-478) in the adjustment slot in the Gear Case and loosen the Clutch Housing.
- Remove the tool from the vise jaws and unscrew and remove the Clutch Housing, assembled clutch and Clutch return Spring (46 or 65) from the tool.
- Over a workbench, turn the gear case end of the tool downward to remove the Push Rod (35) from the power unit.
- Lightly grasp the flats of the Gear Case in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws with the Inlet Bushing (17) upward.
- Place a 1-3/16" open end wrench on the flats of the Back Cap (7) to prevent it from rotating, and use a 3/4" wrench to unscrew and remove the Inlet Bushing.
- Lift the Exhaust Diffuser (16) off the Back Cap.
- If the Throttle Valve Spring (15) did not come out of the tool with the Inlet Bushing, use needle nose pliers to remove it and the Throttle Valve (14) from the Motor Housing (1).
- To remove the Throttle Valve Seat (13), insert a hooked tool through the central opening of the Seat and pull it from the Motor Housing.
- Using a 1/16" pilot punch, tap the Throttle Lever Pin (12) out of the Back Cap and remove the Throttle Lever (11).
- Pull the Throttle Plunger (6) out of the Motor Housing and remove the assembly from the vise.
- Holding the assembly horizontally, remove the Back Cap, the Back Cap Gasket (8) and the Shutoff Valve (21) (if included with the tool).
- If the Muffler Elements (9) need to be cleaned or replaced, pull them out of the Back Cap.
- Grasp the flats at the inlet end of the Motor Housing in leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws, and using a 1-1/16" wrench on the flats of the Motor Housing, unscrew and separate the Gear Case from the Motor Housing.
- Set the assembled Gear Case on the workbench.
- Remove the Motor Clamp Washer (34) and the Motor Seal (33) from the assembled motor in the Housing.
- Tap the Motor Housing on a wood block to remove the Motor Assembly from the Housing.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

Disassembly of the Angle Head

1. Slide the Coupling Nut (104) toward the output end of the Angle Head (100) and using a thin blade screwdriver, work the Coupling Nut Retaining Ring (105) out of the groove in the Angle Head. Slide the Coupling Nut off the Angle Head.
2. Using a piece of 9/16" hexagon bar stock with a 1/4" hole drilled 3/4" deep in the center to clear the hex of the Bevel Pinion (107) and a 9/16" wrench, unscrew and remove the Angle Housing Plug (106).
3. To pull the assembled Bevel Pinion out of the Angle Head, proceed as follows:
 - a) Gather together a 1/2" square drive socket for a nut larger than one inch, an 8–32 UNC socket head cap screw that is one half inch longer than the socket, a nut for the Screw and a flat washer that is larger than the socket with a hole that smaller than the nut and thick enough to withstand some pressure. A wrench for the nut and a hex wrench for the screw are also required.
 - b) Thread the nut onto the cap screw until it stops against the screw head.
 - c) To restrict the rotation of the angle head spindle, clamp a box wrench that will fit the square drive or one leg of a hex wrench that will fit into the end of the spindle opening into a vise. Insert the output end of the Spindle (113) into the wrench.
 - d) Place the square drive end of the socket against the notched end of the Angle Head.
 - e) With the cap screw and nut inserted through the flat washer, thread the cap screw through the square drive opening into the end of the Bevel Pinion until it bottoms out.
 - f) Thread the nut along the cap screw until it contacts and holds the flat washer and socket against the Angle Head.
 - g) Use a hex wrench to hold the cap screw in position while turning the nut with a wrench to jack the assembled Bevel Pinion out of the Angle Head. Unscrew the cap screw from the Bevel Pinion.
4. Slide the Pinion Rear Bearing (109) and Pinion Front Bearing (108) off the Bevel Pinion.
5. Grasp the Angle Housing lightly in copper-covered or leather-covered vise jaws with the Spindle upward.

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left-hand thread. Rotate the wrench clockwise to remove the Cap.

6. Use a spanner wrench to unscrew and remove the Lower Spindle Bearing Cap (116).

7. Pull the assembled Spindle out of the Angle Head.
8. Install a bearing separator between the shoulder of the Spindle and the end of the Spindle Lower Bearing (112) that is farthest from the Bevel Gear (110). Support the separator on the table of an arbor press with the output end of the Spindle downward and using a pressing plug that clears the inside of the Bevel Gear Retainer (111), press the Spindle out of the Retainer, Bevel Gear and Lower Spindle Bearing.

NOTICE

In the following steps, the Detent Retainer for the TRL2S6 Angle Head will most likely be damaged or destroyed during the removal process. Make certain you have a replacement available before attempting to remove it.

9. **For TRL2S6 Angle Heads**, grasp the end of the Detent Retainer (115) with needle nose pliers and pull it from the end of the Spindle. Push the Spindle Detent (114) inward to have it fall out the end of the Spindle.
For TRL2Q4 Angle Heads, use a screwdriver to pry the Detent Retainer (115) off the Spindle and remove the Spindle Detent (114) from the hole in the Spindle.
For TRL2H4 Angle Heads, use a pointed probe to spiral the Spindle Detent (114) out of the internal groove in the Spindle.
10. If the Spindle Upper Bearing (102) must be replaced, press the Bearing out the end of the Angle Housing opposite the spindle end.

Disassembly of the Adjustable Shutoff Clutch

1. Using a thin blade screwdriver, pry the Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop (64) off the end of the Clutch Shaft (52).
2. Insert the tip of a #1 Phillips Head Screwdriver into the adjustment opening between the Clutch Adjusting Nut (63) and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer (62). Rotate the screwdriver clockwise to thread the Adjustment Nut off the Clutch Shaft.

NOTICE

In the following step, the Clutch Cam Balls will be free to fall from the assembly when the Cam Ball Seat is moved. Make certain the Balls fall into a non-damaging container.

3. Holding the assembly over a small pasteboard box, slide the Adjusting Nut Washer, the Thrust Bearing (61), the Spring Seat (60), the Clutch Spring (59) and the Cam Ball Seat (58) off the Clutch Shaft. Allow the three Clutch Cam Balls (56) to fall into the pasteboard box.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

4. The Clutch Cam Ball Driver (55) has a cross hole that is larger on one side than the other. Insert a 1/16" drill shank or piece of wire into the smaller hole and gently push the Clutch Driver Retaining Pin (57) out of the larger hole and out of the Driver and the Clutch Shaft.

NOTICE

In the following step, the Clutch Balls will be free to fall from the assembly when the Cam Jaw is moved along the Clutch Shaft. Make certain the Balls fall into a non-damaging container.

5. Holding the assembly over a small pasteboard box, and using care to drop the twelve Clutch Balls (53) into the box, slide the Clutch Cam Ball Driver and Cam Jaw (54) off the Clutch Shaft. If grease held some of the Balls inside the jaw cavity, remove them.
6. With the large end of the Clutch Shaft downward, depress the Automatic Shutoff Pin (50) with varying amounts of finger pressure while tapping the large end edge of the Clutch Shaft on a piece of wood until the Automatic Shutoff Plunger (48) protrudes slightly from the end of the Shaft. Grasp the Plunger and carefully pull it out of the Clutch Shaft.
7. Remove the Automatic Shutoff Pin and Automatic Shutoff Pin Spring (51) from the Clutch Shaft. The Pin Spring should remain in the pin recess when the Pin is removed. To separate the Spring from the Pin, gently rotate the Spring while pulling it from the recess to avoid elongating the Spring.
8. Using a hooked tool, reach into the opening in the end of the Clutch Shaft and carefully pull the Automatic Shutoff Plunger Return Spring (49) out of the Shaft without elongating the Spring.

Disassembly of the Adjustable Cushion Clutch

1. Using a thin blade screwdriver, pry the Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop (80) off the end of the Clutch Shaft (68).
2. Insert the tip of a #1 Phillips Head Screwdriver into the adjustment opening between the Clutch Adjusting Nut (79) and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer (78). Rotate the screwdriver clockwise to thread the Adjustment Nut off the Clutch Shaft.

NOTICE

In the following step, the Clutch Cam Balls will be free to fall from the assembly when the Cam Ball Seat is moved. Make certain the Balls fall into a non-damaging container.

3. Holding the assembly over a small pasteboard box, slide the Adjusting Nut Washer, the Thrust Bearing (77), the Spring Seat (76), the Clutch Spring (75) and the Cam Ball Seat (74) off the Clutch Shaft. Allow

the eleven Clutch Cam Balls (72) to fall into the pasteboard box.

4. The Clutch Cam Ball Driver (71) has a cross hole that is larger on one side than the other. Insert a 1/16" drill shank or piece of wire into the smaller hole and gently push the Clutch Driver Retaining Pin (73) out of the larger hole and out of the Driver and the Clutch Shaft.

NOTICE

In the following step, the Clutch Balls will be free to fall from the assembly when the Cam Jaw is moved along the Clutch Shaft. Make certain the Balls fall into a non-damaging container.

5. Holding the assembly over a small pasteboard box, and using care to drop the twelve Clutch Balls (69) into the box, slide the Clutch Cam Ball Driver and Cam Jaw (70) off the Clutch Shaft. If grease held some of the Balls inside the jaw cavity, remove them.

Disassembly of the Gearing

1. Using snap ring pliers, remove the Gear Retainer (36) from the motor end of the Rear Gear Case (43) and remove the Gear Head Spacer (37) as well.
2. **For Series RR11F**, lightly rap the motor end of the Rear Gear Case on a wooden work bench top to remove the three Planet Gears (39), the Planet Gear Head Assembly (38) and the Planet Gear Head Spacer (41).
For Series RR11E, lightly rap the motor end of the Rear Gear Case on a wooden work bench top to remove the three Planet Gears (39), The Gear Head Pinion (40), the Planet Gear Head Assembly (38) and the Planet Gear Head Spacer (41).
3. Using snap ring pliers, remove the Spindle Bearing Retaining Ring (45 or 93).
4. Stand the Rear Gear Case or the Front Gear Case (87) on the table of an arbor press with the output spindle upward. Using a rod that neatly fits inside the internal hex of the Spindle (42 or 88), press the Rear Spindle Assembly out of the Spindle Bearing (44) or the Intermediate Spindle Assembly out of the Intermediate Spindle Bearing (92).

CAUTION

Do not remove the Bearing in the following step unless you have a new replacement available for installation. The Bearing will be damaged by the removal process.

5. Invert either Gear Case on the table of an arbor press so that the end face having four notches makes contact with the table. Using a rod against the inner race of the Rear or Intermediate Spindle Bearing, press the Bearing from the Gear Case.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

6. If the Spindle Bearing Seat (45A or 91) must be replaced, use a small, thin blade screwdriver to spiral it out of the groove in the Gear Case.

Disassembly of the Motor

1. Using snap ring pliers, remove the Rear End Plate Assembly Retainer (24) from the shaft of the Rotor (28).
2. Pull the Rear End Plate Face Plate (23) and Rear End Plate Assembly (22) off the hub of the Rotor.
3. Lift the Cylinder (25) from the Rotor.
4. Remove the Vanes (29) from the Rotor.
5. Support the Front End Plate Assembly (30), as near the rotor body as possible, on the table of an arbor press and press the Rotor from the Front Rotor Bearing (32). Remove the Bearing from the Front End Plate.

Disassembly of the Housing

1. Pull the Reverse Lever (20) off the inlet end of the Motor Housing (1).
2. Using a #2 Phillips Head Screwdriver, unscrew and remove the Housing Screw (3).
3. Insert a 5/16" wooden dowel between 6 and 8 inches long, into the inlet end of the Motor Housing and push the Reverse Valve Assembly (4) out the motor end of the Housing.
4. Use a hooked tool to pull the Housing O-ring (2) out of the Motor Housing.

ASSEMBLY

General Instructions

1. Always press on the **inner** ring of a ball-type bearing when installing the bearing on a shaft.
2. Always press on the **outer** ring of a ball-type bearing when pressing the bearing into a bearing recess.
3. Whenever grasping a tool or part in a vise, always use leather-covered or copper-covered vise jaws to protect the surface of the part and help prevent distortion. This is particularly true of threaded members and housings.
4. Except for bearings, always clean every part and wipe every part with a thin film of oil before installation.
5. Apply o-ring lubricant to all o-rings before final assembly.
6. Check every bearing for roughness. If an open bearing must be cleaned, wash it thoroughly in a clean, suitable cleaning solution and dry with a clean cloth. **Sealed or shielded bearings should never be cleaned.** Work grease into every open bearing before installation.

Assembly of the Housing

1. Lubricate the Housing O-ring (2) with o-ring lubricant and install it at the bottom of the cylinder bore in the Motor Housing (1).
2. Inspect the face of the Reverse Valve Assembly (4) and Reverse Valve Seal (5) for nicks or damage. Replace the Reverse Valve Assembly or Seal if any damage is evident.
3. Lubricate the Seal on the hub of the Reverse Valve Assembly with o-ring lubricant and insert the Assembly, Seal end leading, into the cylinder bore of the Motor Housing. Push the Assembly toward the bottom of the cylinder bore until it "snaps" into its proper location.
4. Rotate the Valve inside the Housing until the threaded hole into the side of the Valve for the Motor Housing Screw (3) aligns with the hole in the Motor Housing.
5. Using a #2 Phillips Head Screwdriver, thread the Motor Housing Screw into the Reverse Valve Assembly through the Housing until the underside of the screw head stops against the Housing. Back the Screw out of the Valve between 1/4 and 1/2 turn.
6. Align the open end of the slot inside the Reverse Lever (20) with the head of the Housing Screw. From the inlet end of the Housing, slide the Lever onto the Housing, making certain the screw head enters the slot, and move it along the Housing until it stops against the housing shoulder.
7. Rotate the Lever to make certain the Valve only has slight resistance.

Assembly of the Motor

1. Place the Front End Plate (30) on the splined shaft of the Rotor (28) with the bearing recess away from the rotor body.
2. Place the Front Rotor Bearing (32) onto the shaft and using a sleeve or piece of tubing that contacts the inner race of the Bearing, press the Bearing onto the shaft until the Front End Plate nearly contacts the rotor body.

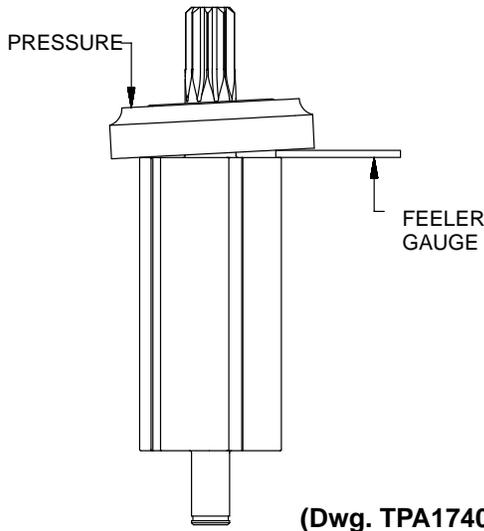
MAINTENANCE SECTION

NOTICE

In the following step, the measurement must be made at the end corner of the large rotor body.

- The clearance between the Front End Plate and Rotor is critical. While pressing down with your finger on the outer edge of the Front End Plate on the bearing side, insert a 0.004" (0.1 mm) feeler gauge between the face of the rotor body and the face of the End Plate at a point that is 180 degrees from where the pressure is applied. Refer to Dwg. TPA1740. To increase the gap, support the End Plate and lightly tap the rotor shaft with a plastic hammer; to decrease the gap, press the Bearing farther onto the rotor shaft.

Measurement of Front End Plate Clearance



- Wipe each Vane (29) with a light film of IRAX No.10 Oil and place a Vane in each slot in the Rotor.
- One end of the Cylinder Assembly (25) has a notch that breaks the outer wall and end face of the Cylinder. With that end trailing, install the Cylinder Assembly over the Rotor and Vanes against the Front End Plate. Make certain the Cylinder Front Alignment Pin (27) enters the hole in the Front End Plate.
- Install the Rear End Plate Assembly (22), flat face leading, on the rear hub of the Rotor. Make certain the Cylinder Rear Alignment Pin (26) enters the hole in the Rear End Plate.
- Examine the Rear End Plate Face Plate (23) for scratches. If it is scratched, replace it. If it is not, slide it onto the rear hub of the Rotor and onto the Cylinder Rear Alignment Pin against the Rear End Plate. Some pressure may be required to fit the hole in the Plate onto the Alignment Pin.
- Using snap ring pliers, install the Rear End Plate Assembly Retainer (24) in the annular groove on the rear rotor hub to secure the assembly in position.

- Set the assembled motor aside.

Assembly of the Rear Gear Case

- Using a small screwdriver, work the Spindle Bearing Seat (45A) into the internal groove nearest the notched end of the Rear Gear Case (43).
- Stand the Rear Gear Case, notched end upward, on the table of an arbor press. Using a piece of tubing that contacts the outer race of the Spindle Bearing (44), press a new Bearing into the Gear Case against the Seat.
- Lubricate the gears in the Rear Spindle Assembly (42) with IRAX No. 67 Grease.
- Invert the Rear Gear Case and using another piece of tubing that supports the inner race of the Bearing and clears the output end of the Spindle Assembly, press the Rear Spindle Assembly into the Bearing from the motor end of the Rear Gear Case.
- Using snap ring pliers, install the Spindle Bearing Retaining Ring (45) in the external groove near the driver end of the spindle.
- Lightly lubricate the Planet Gear Head Spacer (41) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install it in the Rear Gear Case against the Spindle Assembly.
- Lubricate the shafts of the Planet Gear Head Assembly (38) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install the Gear Head in the Rear Gear Case meshing the spline on the shaft with the gear teeth in the Spindle Assembly.
- For Series RR11F**, lubricate the Planet Gears (39) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install them on the shafts of the Planet Gear Frame Assembly.
For Series RR11E, lubricate the Planet Gears (39) and Gear Head Pinion (40) with IRAX No. 67 Grease and install the Planet Gears on the shafts of the Planet Gear Frame Assembly. Insert the Gear Head Pinion in the center of the Planet Gears making certain the teeth mesh.
- Install the Gear Head Spacer (37) against the Gears and secure the assembly by using snap ring pliers to install the Gear Retainer (36) in the internal groove at the motor end of the Rear Gear Case.

Assembly of the Adjustable Cushion Clutch

- Insert the small end of the Clutch Shaft (68) into the end of the Cam Jaw (70) having the large opening and slide the Shaft about half way into the Jaw.
- Drop the twelve Clutch Balls (69) into the Cam Jaw forming a ring around the Clutch Shaft.
- Lay a bead of IRAX No. 28 Grease, approximately 2 to 3 cc, on top of the Clutch Balls and then bring the Clutch Shaft and Cam Jaw together capturing the Balls between them.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

4. While holding the Shaft and Jaw together, slide the Clutch Cam Ball Driver (71), large end leading, onto the Clutch Shaft until it is against the Cam Jaw.
5. Rotate the Driver to align the large hole through one wall of the Driver with the comparable size opening of the cross hole through the Clutch Shaft. Push the Clutch Cam Ball Driver Retaining Pin (73) into the hole to lock the Driver in position on the Clutch Shaft.
6. Apply a coating of IRAX No. 28 Grease to each of the eleven Clutch Cam Balls (72).
7. Holding the assembled Clutch Shaft with the Clutch Cam Ball Driver upward, insert a lubricated Ball into each of the eleven ball pockets in the Driver.
8. Slide the Cam Ball Seat (74), large end leading, onto the Shaft against the Balls. Follow with the Clutch Spring (75), Spring Seat (76), Thrust Bearing (77) and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer (78) with the smooth face leading.
9. Thread the Clutch Adjusting Nut (79), smooth face trailing, onto the Clutch Shaft.
10. Insert the tip of a #1 Phillips Head Screwdriver into the adjustment opening between the Clutch Adjusting Nut and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer. Rotate the screwdriver counterclockwise and thread the Adjustment Nut onto the Clutch Shaft until the external groove for the Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop (80) is visible.
11. Install the Nut Stop in the groove.
7. Insert the small end of the Clutch Shaft into the end of the Cam Jaw (54) having the large opening and slide the Shaft about half way into the Jaw.
8. Drop the twelve Clutch Balls (53) into the Cam Jaw forming a ring around the Clutch Shaft.
9. Lay a bead of IRAX No. 28 Grease, approximately 2 to 3 cc, on top of the Clutch Balls and then bring the Clutch Shaft and Cam Jaw together capturing the Balls between them.
10. While holding the Shaft and Jaw together, slide the Clutch Cam Ball Driver (55), large end leading, onto the Clutch Shaft until it is against the Cam Jaw.
11. Rotate the Driver to align the large hole through one wall of the Driver with the comparable size opening of the cross hole through the Clutch Shaft. Push the Clutch Cam Ball Driver Retaining Pin (57) into the hole to lock the Driver in position on the Clutch Shaft.
12. Apply a coating of IRAX No. 28 Grease to each of the three Clutch Cam Balls (56).
13. Holding the assembled Clutch Shaft with the Clutch Cam Ball Driver upward, insert a lubricated Ball into each of the three ball slots in the Driver.
14. Slide the Cam Ball Seat (58), large end leading, onto the Shaft against the Balls. Follow with the Clutch Spring (59), Spring Seat (60), Thrust Bearing (61) and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer (62) with the smooth face leading.
15. Thread the Clutch Adjusting Nut (63), smooth face trailing, onto the Clutch Shaft.
16. Insert the tip of a #1 Phillips Head Screwdriver into the adjustment opening between the Clutch Adjusting Nut and the Clutch Adjusting Nut Washer. Rotate the screwdriver counterclockwise and thread the Adjustment Nut onto the Clutch Shaft until the external groove for the Clutch Adjusting Nut Stop (64) is visible.
17. Install the Nut Stop in the groove.

Assembly of the Adjustable Shutoff Clutch

1. Hold the Clutch Shaft (52) in your hand with the large end upward.
2. Insert the Automatic Shutoff Plunger Return Spring (49) into the central opening in the large end of the Clutch Shaft. Use a 1/8" dowel to push the Spring below the cross hole for the Automatic Shutoff Pin (50).
3. Insert the Automatic Shutoff Pin Spring (51) in the end hole of the Automatic Shutoff Pin opposite the pointed end. Rotate the Spring a little to keep it in the hole.
4. Drip one or two drops of IRAX No. 10 Oil into the central hole with the Plunger Return Spring.
5. Position the Shutoff Pin, Spring leading, in the cross hole on the large end of the Clutch Shaft with the hole in the Shutoff Pin aligned with the central hole containing the Return Spring.
6. Push on the pointed end of the Shutoff Pin to depress the Spring while inserting the Automatic Shutoff Plunger (48) into the central opening with the Return Spring. The smaller center portion of the Shutoff Plunger will allow the Shutoff Pin to spring outward and capture the components within the Clutch Shaft when properly positioned.

Assembly of the Front Gear Case

1. Using a small screwdriver, work the Spindle Bearing Seat (91) into the internal groove nearest the notched end of the Front Gear Case (87).
2. Stand the Front Gear Case, notched end upward, on the table of an arbor press. Using a piece of tubing that contacts the outer race of the Intermediate Spindle Bearing (92), press a new Bearing into the Front Gear Case against the Seat.
3. Lubricate the gears in the Intermediate Spindle Assembly (88) with IRAX No. 67 Grease.
4. Invert the Front Gear Case and using another piece of tubing that supports the inner race of the Bearing and clears the output end of the Spindle Assembly, press the Intermediate Spindle Assembly into the Bearing from the clutch end of the Front Gear Case.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

- Using snap ring pliers, install the Spindle Bearing Retaining Ring (93) in the external groove near the angle head end of the spindle.

Assembly of the Angle Head

- If the Spindle Upper Bearing (102) was removed, stand the output end of the Angle Head (100) on the table of an arbor press. Pressing against the closed end of a new Bearing, press the Bearing into the small opening until the trailing end is flush with the outside surface of the Angle Head.
- Apply a light film of IRAX No. 67 Grease to the shaft of the Bevel Pinion (107) and to the inside of the Pinion Front Bearing (108).
- Slide the Pinion Front Bearing, stamped end trailing, onto the shaft until it stops against the back of the gear.
- Without distorting the Angle Head, support the hex flats of the Angle Head in a machine vise on the table of an arbor press with the notched end upward and the Head resting on a solid stop. Apply 2 to 4 cc of IRAX No.67 Grease to the gear on the end of the Bevel Pinion.
- Insert the gear end of the Bevel Pinion into the notched end of the Angle Head while aligning the Pinion Front Bearing with the central opening.
- Use a piece of tubing that clears the shaft of the Bevel Pinion and the inner wall of the Angle Head and press the Bearing into the Angle Head against the stop.
- Apply some IRAX No. 67 Grease to the Pinion Rear Bearing (109) and slide it onto the shaft of the Bevel Pinion and into the Angle Head recess.
- Use the 9/16" hex stock with clearance for the bevel pinion shaft that was used during disassembly to screw the Angle Head Plug (106) into the Angle Head against Pinion Rear Bearing. Tighten the Plug between 8 and 12 ft–lbs. (10.8 and 16.2 Nm) torque.
- Remove the assembly from the machine vise and position it in leather–covered or copper–covered vise jaws with the opening for the output spindle upward.
- Stand the Spindle (113) on the table of an arbor press and using a piece of tubing that clears the shaft of the Spindle and contacts the inner ring of the Spindle Lower Bearing (112), press the Bearing onto the shaft of the Spindle until it stops against the shoulder.
- In the same manner, press the Bevel Gear (110), flat end leading, onto the hex portion of the spindle shaft. Likewise, press the Bevel Gear Retainer (111) onto the spindle shaft until it stops against the gear face.
- Insert the assembled Spindle, output end trailing, into the Angle Head.

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left–hand thread. Rotate the wrench counterclockwise to tighten the Cap.

- Thread the Lower Spindle Bearing Cap (116) into the Angle Head and using a spanner wrench, tighten the Cap between 8 and 12 ft–lbs. (10.8 and 16.2 Nm) torque.
- For TRL2S6 Angle Heads**, install the Spindle Detent (114) into position through the end of the Spindle and push the Detent Retainer (115), tapered end leading, into the end of the Spindle.
For TRL2Q4 Angle Heads, place the Spindle Detent (114) into the hole in the groove of the Spindle. Spread the Detent Retainer (115) and install it on the Spindle to capture the Detent.
For TRL2H4 Angle Heads, install the Spindle Detent (114) in the internal groove in the Spindle
- Remove the assembly from the vise jaws and slide the Coupling Nut (104), threaded end trailing, onto the notched end of the Angle Head. Move the Nut far enough onto the housing to install the Coupling Nut Retainer (105) in the annular groove at the notched end of the Angle Head.

Assembly of the Tool

- Lightly grasp the flats at the inlet end of the Motor Housing (1) in leather–covered or copper–covered vise jaws with the motor bore upward.
- Grasp the spline of the Rotor (28) in the assembled motor and after aligning the End Plate Alignment Pin (31) with the internal notch in the motor end of the housing bore, insert the assembled motor into the Motor Housing. Make certain the motor is far enough into the Housing to have the undercut below the internal housing thread visible.
- Lubricate the Motor Seal (33) with o–ring lubricant and install it around the Front End Plate (30) and into the undercut in the Housing.
- Align the tab of the Motor Clamp Washer (34) with the internal notch in the Housing and install it over the rotor hub and End Plate Alignment Pin against the Motor Seal. Make certain the Pin enters the hole in the Washer and the Washer is flat against the Seal.
- Apply some IRAX No. 67 Grease to the spline on the rotor shaft.
- Thread the assembled Rear Gear Case (43), output spindle trailing, into the Motor Housing and using a 1–1/16" wrench, tighten the joint between 15 and 20 ft–lbs. (20 and 27 Nm) torque.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

- Place the narrow end of the Clutch Return Spring (46 or 65) in the Rear Gear Case against the inner race of the Spindle Bearing (44).
- Place the hex drive end of the Clutch Input Driver (47 or 66) on the Spring and compress the Spring until the hex on the Driver enters the hex recess in the Spindle Assembly (42). While holding the Driver in position, engage the raised bar on the face of the Driver with the jaw of the Cam Jaw (54 or 70).

NOTICE

The following step has parts with a left-hand thread. Rotate the components counterclockwise to tighten them.

- Install the Clutch Housing (81) over the clutch components and thread it onto the Rear Gear Case. Using a 1-1/16" wrench on the flats of the Rear Gear Case and the Clutch Housing Spanner Wrench (Part No. TRH-478) in the clutch housing slot, tighten the joint between 15 and 20 ft-lbs. (20 and 27 Nm) torque.
- Invert the assembled tool in the vise jaws and lightly grasp the flats on the Rear Gear Case with the inlet end of the tool upward.
- Insert a 5/8" dowel through the opening in the Back Cap (7), and using the dowel as an alignment device, install the three Muffler Elements (9) in the cavity of the Back Cap. Make certain the notches in the outer edge of the Elements fit over the pocket in the bottom of the Cap.
- Make certain the tab on the inside edge of the Back Cap Gasket (8) is aligned with the pocket for the Memory Chip and install the Gasket, metal face leading, in the recess of the Back Cap against the face with the cavity containing the Muffler Elements.
- Position the gasket end of the alignment dowel against the inlet hub on the Motor Housing. Align the flats on the Cap with the flats on the Housing. Orient the Back Cap and slide the Back Cap Assembly off the alignment dowel and onto the Motor Housing.
- For all Models with a Shutoff Clutch**, install the Push Rod (35) into the central hole in the inlet hub. The Rod will enter the assembled motor and disappear from view when released. Install the Shutoff Valve (21), small end first, in the same opening.
- Being careful not to damage it, insert the Throttle Valve Seat (13) into the central opening at the inlet end of the Motor Housing at an angle until it clears the threads in the Housing. Using a rod with a flat end and no sharp edges, push the Seat to the bottom of the opening until it seats flush.
- Using needle nose pliers, insert the Throttle Valve (14), long stem leading, into the opening against the Seat. Center the Valve in the Seat.
- Install the Throttle Valve Spring (15) in the opening so that it encircles the Valve.
- The Exhaust Diffuser (16) has one slot that is longer than the other five slots. The Back Cap has a short, molded stud projecting from the inlet end. Place the Exhaust Diffuser against the Back Cap with the long slot encircling the molded stud. Rotate the Diffuser counterclockwise until the wall of the slot stops against the stud. The exhaust ports are now in the full open position which will provide maximum free speed.
- If the Inlet Screen (19) required replacement, use a wooden dowel to carefully push a new one into the Inlet Bushing (17).
- If the Inlet Bushing Seal (18) is nicked or damaged, carefully install a new one over the threads of the Inlet Bushing.
- Thread the Inlet Bushing Assembly through the Diffuser and Back Cap into the Motor Housing. Using a 1-3/16" wrench on the flats of the Back Cap to keep it from turning, tighten the Inlet Bushing between 15 and 20 ft-lbs. (20 and 27 Nm) torque.
- The Throttle Plunger (6) has a lengthwise flat on the outer edge at one end of the Plunger. Insert the Plunger, flat end first, into the cross hole in the Housing. Push on the end of the Plunger to make certain it springs back from contact with the stem of the Throttle Valve.
- Position the Throttle Lever (11) in the slot in the Back Cap and Motor Housing and using a 1/16" diameter rod, align the holes through the Back Cap, Motor Housing and Throttle Lever. While maintaining alignment, install the Throttle Lever Pin (12) in place of the rod by tapping it through all three pieces.
- Remove the tool from the vise jaws and install the Grip Assembly (95), internal slotted end leading, over the Clutch Housing and Rear Gear Case. Engage the slots in the Grip Assembly with the notches on the Motor Housing (1).

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left-hand thread. Rotate the Nut counterclockwise to tighten it.

- Thread the Grip Retaining Nut (82) onto the Clutch Housing to secure the Grip Assembly. Use a pin type spanner wrench to tighten it until the Grip is not loose.

MAINTENANCE SECTION

26. If the Cover O-ring (84) inside the Clutch Adjusting Hole Cover (83) is worn or damaged, replace it and install the Cover on the Clutch Housing.
27. Install the large end of the Angle Wrench Drive Adapter (85) on the hex end of the Clutch Shaft (52 or 68).
28. Slide the Drive Adapter Bearing (86) onto the small end of the Adapter and into the bearing recess in the Clutch Housing.
29. Place the Thrust Washer (90) against the Drive Adapter Bearing.

NOTICE

The thread in the following step is a left-hand thread. Rotate the Coupler counterclockwise to tighten it.

30. Thread the Front Gear Case Coupler (89) onto the Clutch Housing and tighten the joint between 15 and 20 ft-lbs. (20 and 27 Nm) torque.
31. Engage the spline of the Drive Adapter with the internal gears of the Intermediate Spindle Assembly (88) while threading the assembled Front Gear Case (87) into the Coupler. Tighten the joint between 15 and 20 ft-lbs. (20 and 27 Nm) torque.
32. Position the Housing Lock Spacer (94) in the Front Gear Case with the tabs of the Spacer going into the notch openings.

NOTICE

The thread in the following step has a left-hand thread. Rotate the Nut counterclockwise to tighten it.

33. Orient the assembled Angle Head to the desired position and insert the notched end of the Angle Head into the Front Gear Case to engage the tabs of the Spacer. While compressing the Clutch Return Spring (46 or 65) with the Angle Head, thread the Coupling Nut (104) onto the Front Gear Case and tighten it between 2 and 5 ft-lbs. (2.7 and 6.8 Nm) torque.

TESTING THE TOOL

Before placing the tool back in service, test the tool in a run down application to determine if adjustments are necessary to satisfactorily perform the operation. Since a number of interrelated adjustments can affect tool performance, only experience, along with trial and error, can dictate which adjustment or combination of adjustments will provide the desired results.

The Clutch Spring (59 or 75), the clutch adjustment procedure, the exhaust flow, the length of the Push Rod (35) and the length of the Shutoff Valve (21) can individually or collectively have an effect on torque and/or speed. Always try to make adjustments before replacing or attempting to modify components.

If adjustments are unable to provide the desired torque, it may be necessary to install a lighter or heavier Clutch Spring.

If the tool ratchets when operated but fails to shutoff, it may be necessary to shorten the Push Rod. Only shorten the Push Rod in small increments. Increments between 0.005" and 0.010" (0.13 and 0.25 mm) are recommended.

If the tool stalls and does not shutoff, runs slower than normal or has low power, the Shutoff Valve may require lengthening. To lengthen the Shutoff Valve, grasp the stem between two pieces of rubber or other non-slip, non-marring material and rotate the molded nut counterclockwise. Rotating the nut one half revolution will lengthen the Valve approximately 0.009" (0.23 mm).

Should the stem of the Valve become bent, marred, nicked or damaged in any way during the adjustment process, replace it.

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Trouble	Probable Cause	Solution
Loss of Power	Low air pressure	Check air supply. For top performance, the air pressure must be 90 psig (6.2 bar/620 kPa) at the inlet.
	Plugged Inlet Bushing Screen	Clean the Inlet Bushing Screen using a clean, suitable cleaning solution. If the Screen cannot be cleaned, replace it.
	Worn or broken Vanes	Replace a complete set of Vanes.
	Worn or broken Cylinder	Replace the Cylinder if it is cracked or if the bore appears wavy or scored.
	Exhaust control restricted	Make certain the Exhaust Diffuser against the Back Cap is in the fully open position.
	Shutoff Valve too short	Lengthen the Shutoff Valve. Refer to TESTING THE TOOL on page 32.
Motor won't run	Motor Clamp Washer binding	Remove the Gear Case make certain the Washer is flat and the Motor Seal is properly positioned.
	Gears binding	Clean and inspect all gearing. Replace any worn or damaged gearing.
	Push Rod worn	Install a new Push Rod.
Gear Case gets hot	Excessive grease	Clean and inspect Gear Case and gearing parts and lubricate as instructed.
	Worn or damaged parts	Clean and inspect the gear Case and Gearing. Replace worn or broken components.
Inconsistent disengagement of the Adjustable Clutch	Improper lubrication	Remove the Adjustable Clutch mechanism and examine the parts. Lubricate as instructed.
	Wrong Clutch Spring (using Heavy Clutch Spring on light torque application)	Change to Medium or Light Clutch Spring.
Motor stalls before Adjustable Clutch ratchets	Improper Clutch adjustment or improper tool ratio for application	Check Clutch Adjustment and review tool performance vs. requirements.
	Low pressure at the inlet	Check the air supply. For top performance, the air pressure must be 90 psig (6.2bar/620kPa) at the inlet.
	Insufficient grease	Lubricate the Clutch as instructed.
	Improper exhaust control adjustment	Adjust the exhaust flow to obtain the desired speed.
Tool ratchets before shutoff	Push Rod too long	Shorten the push Rod. Refer to TESTING THE TOOL on page 32.
Tool stalls without shutting off	Shutoff Valve too short	Lengthen the Shutoff Valve. Refer to TESTING THE TOOL on page 32.
Too runs slower than normal	Shutoff Valve too short	Lengthen the Shutoff Valve. Refer to TESTING THE TOOL on page 32.

NOTICE

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS. DO NO DESTROY.

